

Macroalgae average productivities												
For a detailed explanation of this data and references, see the online supplement "OMA Discussion of Macroalgae Production and Density" by Jim R. Stewart, PODenergy, September 2012												
Ref Date	Species	Type of Environment	Location	Author	Reported data			Authors' Summary			Notes	Ash Ref
					average tonnes dry wt/ha/y	Ash-free %	Ash-free t/ha /yr	average Ash-free g dry wt/ m2/day	ave. tonnes dry wt/ha/y	Ash-free %		
2010	Average	cultivated in ocean	Worldwide	Roesijadi, et al.	30	68%	20	6			Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	use average ash-free yields
2010	Average	cultivated in ocean	Worldwide	Oilgae	50	68%	34	9			Probably assumes high nutrient levels?	use average ash-free yields
2008	Average	cultivated in ocean	China	Roesijadi, et al.	10	68%	7	2			Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	use average ash-free yields
2002	Average	cultivated in ocean	Worldwide	Chynoweth	11	68%	7	2			Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	use average ash-free yields
1994	Average including: <i>Macrocystis</i> , <i>Laminaria</i> , <i>Ecklonia</i> , <i>Sargassum</i>	uncultivated	Worldwide	Gao & McGinley	50	68%	34	9			Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	use average ash-free yields
1987	average for US	cultivated	USA	Chynoweth, et al.	50	68%	34	9			Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	use average ash-free yields
					Averages	23	6	Note that we use 18 tons/ha/yr = 5 g/m2/day in our calculations				

Macroalgae productivity for different species																				
Date	Species	Type of Environment	Location	References	Reported Data					Authors' Summary					Notes	Ash Ref				
					Min Density kg dry wt/m2	Max Density kg dry wt/m2	average tonnes dry wt/ha/y	ave. kg dry wt/ m2/y	average g dry wt/ m2/day	ave. g C/ m2/yr (Gao)	ave. tonnes dry wt/ha/y	Ash-free %	Ash-free t/ha /yr	average Ash-free g dry wt/ m2/day						
1990	<i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i>	in wild	Massachusetts	Roman et al.				3.5		1179	35	68%	24	7	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	use average ash-free yields				
1984	<i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i>	in wild	Nova Scotia, Canada	Cousens					23	959	23	68%	16	4	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	use average ash-free yields				
1984	<i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i>	in wild	Spain	Cousens					23		23	68%	16	4	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	use average ash-free yields				
1987	<i>Ecklonia cava</i>	in wild	Japan	Yokohama, et al.				2.9		1044	29	55%	16	4	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Lamare & Wing (2001)				
1986	<i>Ecklonia radiata</i>	in wild	Australia	Larkum				3.1			31	55%	17	5	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Lamare & Wing (2001)				
1984	<i>Ecklonia radiata</i>	in wild	New Zealand	Novacek				says up to 6, use 5		2160	50	55%	28	8	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Lamare & Wing (2001)				
1981	<i>Eichhornia crassipes</i>	cultivated	Florida	Debusk, et al.		1			24		87	75%	65	18	Unknown nutrient levels	use average ash-free yields				
1987	<i>Euclima sp.</i>	cultivated	Philippines?	Doty			36	4.32		1440	43	66%	29	8	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Freile-Pelegrín & Robledo (2007)				
2007	<i>Gracilaria</i>	cultivated in inter-tidal ponds	Taiwan	Cordova				3.6			36	90%	32	9	Not nutrient limited.	Esteves, et al. (2005) for <i>Gracilaria</i> sp				
2007	<i>Gracilaria</i>	suspended cultivation at sea	Chile	Cordova				4.8			48	90%	43	12	Nutrient input not reported.	Esteves, et al. (2005) for <i>Gracilaria</i> sp				
1992	<i>Gracilaria chilensis</i>	in wild	Chile	Ugarte & Santileces				1	800		10	90%	9	2	This is nutrient limited.	Esteves, et al. (2005) for <i>Gracilaria</i> sp				
1990	<i>Gracilaria tikvahiae</i>	in ponds	Taiwan	FAO training manual				12			12	90%	11	3	Details unavailable, could be nutrient limited.	Esteves, et al. (2005) for <i>Gracilaria</i> sp				
2011	<i>Gracilaria/Laminaria</i>	Line cultivation (offshore)	?	Lenstra, et al.				37			37	77%	28	8	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
2011	<i>Gracilaria/Ulva</i>	Tidal Flat farm	?	Lenstra, et al.				22			22	77%	17	5	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
1987	<i>Hedophyllum sessile</i>	in wild	Washington state	Leigh, et al.	1.4	2.7		2			20	65%	13	4	Leigh gives range 1.4-2.7 dw kg/m2/year.	Paine & Vadas (1969)				
1981	<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	cultivated	Florida	Debusk, et al.					4		15	68%	10	3	Nutrient input not reported.	use average ash-free yields				
1976	<i>Iridaea cordata</i>	in wild	Washington state	Waaland									3	1	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Ash-free yield reported by author				
2012	<i>Kelp (unspecified species)</i>	unclear if cultivated or wild	Chile	Kashiyama				40			40	59%	24	6	Nutrient input not reported.	Leese 1976 (range 55.5 - 62.4%) Lamare same				
2009	<i>Laminaria hyperborea</i>	wild near shore	Scotland	Bruton, et al.				30			30	60%	18	5	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Chynoweth et al., 1987				
2009	<i>Laminaria japonica</i>	cultivated in ocean	China	Bruton, et al.				25			25	60%	15	4	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Chynoweth et al., 1987				
1987	<i>Laminaria japonica</i>	cultivated	China	Tseng				18			18	60%	11	3	Varying nutrient levels from shore runoff	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
1994	<i>Laminaria japonica</i>	cultivated	?	Brinkhuis et al.				150			150	60%	90	25	Probably assumes high nutrient levels?	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
1984	<i>Laminaria japonica</i>	cultivated	China	Wu et al.				6.6	2200		66	66%	44	12	Varying nutrient levels from shore runoff	Paine & Vadas (1969) ave for 3 other <i>Laminaria</i> sp				
1990	<i>Laminaria longicuris</i>	in wild	Long Island, CT	Egan & Yarish		5.64		5.8	1116		58	66%	38	10	(report wet wt totalled 11 kg in 1986 and 48 kg/yr in 1987, used latter times dry weight is reported about 12% of wet weight) How much nutrient input from Thames River, CT?	Paine & Vadas (1969) ave for 3 other <i>Laminaria</i> sp				
1972	<i>Laminaria longicuris</i>	in wild	Canada	Mann				6	2000		60	66%	40	11	Varying nutrient levels from shore runoff	Paine & Vadas (1969) ave for 3 other <i>Laminaria</i> sp				
1980	<i>Laminaria longicuris</i>	in wild	Canada	Sharp				2.4			24	66%	16	4	Actual harvest was 2.4 kg/m2 of 4 kg/m2, regarded as sustainable.	Paine & Vadas (1969) ave for 3 other <i>Laminaria</i> sp				
1987	<i>Laminaria setchellii</i>	in wild	Washington state	Leigh, et al.	3.3	6.8		2.4			24	64%	15	4	Leigh gives range 1.6-3.3 dw kg/m2/year	Paine & Vadas (1969)				
2009	<i>Laminaria sp.</i>	cultivated in ocean	Ireland	Bruton, et al.				20			20	60%	12	3	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Chynoweth et al., 1987				
1981	<i>Lemma minor</i>	cultivated	Florida	Debusk, et al.					4		15	68%	10	3	Nutrient input not reported.	use average ash-free yields				
1987	<i>Lessoniopsis littoralis</i>	in wild	Washington state	Leigh, et al.	4	4.6		7.7			77	64%	49	14	Leigh gives range 6.9-8.6 dw kg/m2/year; grows only on wave-beaten shores	Lamare & Wing (2001) for <i>L. variegata</i>				
1982	<i>Macrocystis</i>	In wild, but fertilized	California	North et al.									14	4	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Ash-free yield reported by author				
1982	<i>Macrocystis</i>	in wild	California	Neushul et al.									8	2	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Ash-free yield reported by author				
2011	<i>Macrocystis</i>	Nearshore cultivation	?	Lenstra, et al.				70			70	60%	42	12	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
1986	<i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i>	in wild	Canada	Wheeler & Druehl				70			70	60%	42	12	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
2005	<i>Myagropsis myagroides</i>	in wild	Japan	Yatsuya, et al.				1.2			12	70%	8	2	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
1987	<i>Postelsia palmaeformis</i>	in wild	Washington state	Leigh, et al.	2	7.3		9			90	81%	73	20	Leigh gives range 3.8-14.6 dw kg/m2/year; grows only on wave-beaten shores	Paine & Vadas (1969)				
2011	<i>Sargassum</i>	Floating cultivation	?	Lenstra, et al.				49			49	68%	33	9	Varying nutrient levels from upwellings & shore runoff	Lenstra, et al. 2011				
1988	<i>Sargassum horneri</i>	in wild	Japan	Taniguchi & Yamada				1.5			15	70%	10	3	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
2005	<i>Sargassum macrocarpum</i>	in wild	Japan	Yatsuya, et al.				2.1			21	70%	15	4	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
2005	<i>Sargassum patens</i>	in wild	Japan	Yatsuya, et al.				2.4			24	70%	17	5	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
2005	<i>Sargassum piluliferum</i>	in wild	Japan	Yatsuya, et al.				1.5			15	70%	10	3	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
2005	<i>Sargassum siliquastrum</i>	in wild	Japan	Yatsuya, et al.				1.5			15	70%	10	3	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
2002	<i>Sargassum yezoense</i>	in wild	Japan	Agatsuma, et al.				0.9			9	70%	6	2	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	Taylor & Steinberg (2005) <i>Sargassum</i> sp.				
1997	<i>Ulva</i> (holey sea lettuce)	cultivated	Japan	Masatoshi		1		4.9			49	68%	33	9	Unknown if significant nutrient runoff from rivers	use average ash-free yields				
					23.5	6.4	Averages													
											Note that we use 18 tons/ha/yr = 5 g/m2/day in our calculations									